**ROOF SOLUTIONS** 





iLevel is an exciting new brand and business within Weyerhaeuser. iLevel brings the most innovative and trusted products for residential construction together under one roof. Within iLevel, you'll still find all the reliable, brand-name building products that you've been

using—Trus Joist® engineered wood products and design software, Structurwood® engineered panels, Performance Tested™ lumber, and more. But with iLevel, you'll work with only one service-oriented supplier to get all of these products and the support you need to build smarter.

iLevel. A family of brand-name building products . . .a source for innovative ideas and solutions . . . a supplier that's simpler to do business with.

### TJI® Joists Revolutionized the Way You Build Floors

Trus Joist® developed wooden I-joists nearly 40 years ago, and since then we've continually improved their quality and made them easier to work with. Engineered to provide strength and consistency, iLevel™ Trus Joist® Silent Floor® joists (TJI® joists) are a key part of our Frameworks® Floor system.

# Here's Why So Many Specifiers and Builders Choose Silent Floor® joists:

### Design flexibility—longer lengths mean versatile design options.

Silent Floor® joists continue to set the standard for residential floor and roof joists. Their strength and long lengths give you the freedom to design the open, spacious floor plans that your customers want. Engineered for dimensional stability and predictable performance, Silent Floor® joists resist warping, twisting, and shrinking.

Easy installation—fewer surprises on the job. The precision engineering that makes Silent Floor® joists strong also makes them easier to install. Silent Floor® joists are designed for easy handling and fast installation. They are lightweight, easy to cut, and can be installed using standard construction tools. Silent Floor® joists come with precut knock-out holes, and additional holes for ductwork can be cut at the jobsite. These same features also make them a popular choice for roof joists.

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The residential products in this guide are intended for use in single-family dwellings and are readily available through our nation-wide network of distributors and dealers. For information on using these products in multi-family dwellings, contact your iLevel representative.

For commercial applications such as retail stores, office buildings, schools, restaurants, hotels, and nursing homes, please refer to the *TJI*® *L65*, *L90*, *H90 Joist Commercial Design Guide* (Reorder #1062). Commercial products are typically designed, manufactured, and sold for each specific job.

For more information on any iLevel™ product, please call 1-888-453-8358.

### **Design Properties (100% Load Duration)**

			Basic F	Properties		Rea	action Propert	ties
Depth	TJI®	Joist Weight	Maximum Resistive	Joist Only El x 10 <sup>6</sup>	Maximum Vertical	1³¼" End		rmediate on (lbs)
	(lbs/ft)	Moment <sup>(1)</sup> (ft-lbs)	(in.²-lbs)	Shear (lbs)	Reaction (lbs)	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners	
91/2"	110	2.3	2,380	140	1,220	885	1,935	N.A.
372	210	2.6	2,860	167	1,330	980	2,145	N.A.
	110	2.5	3,015	238	1,560	885	1,935	2,295
117/8"	210	2.8	3,620	283	1,655	980	2,145	2,505
1178	360	3.0	6,180	419	1,705	1,080	2,460	2,815
	560	4.0	9,500	636	2,050	1,265	3,000	3,475
	110	2.8	3,565	351	1,860	885	1,935	2,295
14"	210	3.1	4,280	415	1,945	980	2,145	2,505
14	360	3.3	7,335	612	1,955	1,080	2,460	2,815
	560	4.2	11,275	926	2,390	1,265	3,000	3,475
	210	3.3	4,895	566	2,190	980	2,145	2,505
16"	360	3.5	8,405	830	2,190	1,080	2,460	2,815
	560	4.5	12,925	1,252	2,710	1,265	3,000	3,475

(1) Caution: Do not increase joist moment design properties by a repetitive member use factor.

TJI® joists are intended for dry-use applications

### **General Notes**

- Design reaction includes all loads on the joist. Design shear is computed at the inside face of supports
  and includes all loads on the span(s). Allowable shear may sometimes be increased at interior supports in
  accordance with ICC ES ESR-1153, and these increases are reflected in span tables.
- The following formulas approximate the uniform load deflection of  $\Delta$  (inches):

w = uniform load in pounds per linear foot

L = span in feet

d = out-to-out depth of the joist in inches

El = value from table above

Code Evaluations: ICC ES ESR-1153 and ICC ES ESR-1387

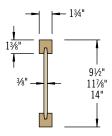
### **Material Weights**

Floor Panels

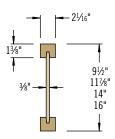
(Include TJI® weights in dead load calculations see **Design Properties** table at left for joist weights)

Southern Pine
½" plywood
5/8" plywood
3/4" plywood
1½" plywood
1/2" OSB
5%" OSB
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " OSB
1/8" OSB
1½" OSB
Based on: Southern pine – 40 pcf for plywood, 44 pcf for OSB
Roofing
Asphalt shingles
Wood shingles
Clay tile
Slate (3/8" thick)
Roll or Batt Insulation (1" thick):
Rock wool
Glass wool
Floor Finishes
Hardwood (nominal 1")
Sheet vinyl
Carpet and pad
$^{3}\!/\!_{4}$ " ceramic or quarry tile
Concrete:
Regular (1")
Lightweight (1")8.0 to 10.0 psf
Gypsum concrete ( $^{3}\!\!/_{\!4}$ ")6.5 psf
Ceilings
Acoustical fiber tile
1/2" gypsum board

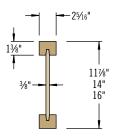
Not all products are available in all markets. Contact your iLevel representative for information.



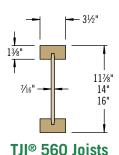
TJI® 110 Joists



TJI® 210 Joists



TJI® 360 Joists



L/480 Live Load Deflection

Donth	TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	Load	40 PS	F Live Load /	20 PSF Dead	Load
Depth	שונו	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
91/2"	110	16'-5"	15'-0"	14'-2"	13'-2"	16'-5"	15'-0"	13'-11"	12'-5"
372	210	17'-3"	15'-9"	14'-10"	13'-10"	17'-3"	15'-9"	14'-10"	13'-8"
	110	19'-6"	17'-10"	16'-10"	15'-5"(1)	19'-6"	17'-3"	15'-8"	14'-0"(1)
117/8"	210	20'-6"	18'-8"	17'-8"	16'-5"	20'-6"	18'-8"	17'-3"	15'-5"(1)
1178	360	22'-11"	20'-11"	19'-8"	18'-4"	22'-11"	20'-11"	19'-8"	17'-10"(1)
	560	26'-1"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"	26'-1"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"(1)
	110	22'-2"	20'-3"	18'-9"	16'-9"(1)	21'-8"	18'-9"	17'-1"(1)	14'-7"(1)
14"	210	23'-3"	21'-3"	20'-0"	18'-4"(1)	23'-3"	20'-7"	18'-9"(1)	16'-2"(1)
14	360	26'-0"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"(1)	26'-0"	23'-8"	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	29'-6"	26'-10"	25'-4"	23'-6"	29'-6"	<i>26'-10"</i>	25'-4"(1)	20'-11"(1)
	210	25'-9"	23'-6"	22'-0"(1)	19'-5"(1)	25'-5"	22'-0"(1)	20'-1"(1)	16'-2"(1)
16"	360	28'-9"	26'-3"	24'-8"(1)	21'-5"(1)	28'-9"	26'-3"(1)	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	32'-8"	29'-8"	28'-0"	25'-2"(1)	32'-8"	29'-8"	26'-3"(1)	20'-11"(1)

### L/360 Live Load Deflection (Minimum Criteria per Code)

Donth	TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	Load	40 PS	F Live Load /	20 PSF Dead	Load
Depth	ווו	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
91/2"	110	18'-2"	16'-7"	15'-3"	13'-8"	17'-8"	15'-3"	13'-11"	12'-5"
372	210	19'-1"	17'-5"	16'-6"	15'-0"	19'-1"	16'-9"	15'-4"	13'-8"
	110	21'-7"	18'-11"	17'-3"	15'-5" <sup>(1)</sup>	19'-11"	17'-3"	15'-8"	14'-0"(1)
117/8"	210	22'-8"	20'-8"	18'-11"	16'-10"	21'-10"	18'-11"	17'-3"	15'-5"(1)
1178	360	25'-4"	23'-2"	21'-10"	20'-4"(1)	25'-4"	23'-2"	21'-10" <sup>(1)</sup>	17'-10"(1)
	560	28'-10"	26'-3"	24'-9"	23'-0"	28'-10"	26'-3"	24'-9"	20'-11"(1)
	110	23'-9"	20'-6"	18'-9"	16'-9" <sup>(1)</sup>	21'-8"	18'-9"	17'-1"(1)	14'-7"(1)
14"	210	25'-8"	22'-6"	20'-7"	18'-4"(1)	23'-9"	20'-7"	18'-9"(1)	16'-2"(1)
14	360	28'-9"	26'-3"	24'-9"(1)	21'-5"(1)	28'-9"	<b>26'-3"</b> (1)	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	32'-8"	29'-9"	28'-0"	25'-2"(1)	32'-8"	29'-9"	<b>26'-3"</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	20'-11"(1)
	210	27'-10"	24'-1"	22'-0"(1)	19'-5"(1)	25'-5"	22'-0"(1)	20'-1"(1)	16'-2"(1)
16"	360	31'-10"	29'-0"	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	31'-10"	<b>26'-10"</b> (1)	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	36'-1"	32'-11"	31'-0"(1)	25'-2"(1)	36'-1"	31'-6" <sup>(1)</sup>	26'-3"(1)	20'-11"(1)

Long term deflection under dead load, which includes the effect of creep, has not been considered. **Bold italic** spans reflect initial dead load deflection exceeding 0.33".

(1) Web stiffeners are required at intermediate supports of continuous-span joists when the intermediate bearing length is *less* than 5¼" and the span on either side of the intermediate bearing is greater than the following spans:

TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	Load	40 PSF Live Load / 20 PSF Dead Load					
IJI®	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.		
110	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	15'-4"	N.A.	N.A.	16'-0"	12'-9"		
210	N.A.	N.A.	21'-4"	17'-0"	N.A.	21'-4"	17'-9"	14'-2"		
360	N.A.	N.A.	24'-5"	19'-6"	N.A.	24'-5"	20'-4"	16'-3"		
560	N.A.	N.A.	29'-10"	23'-10"	N.A.	29'-10"	24'-10"	19'-10"		

### **How to Use These Tables**

- 1. Determine the appropriate live load deflection criteria.
- 2. Identify the live and dead load condition.
- 3. Select on-center spacing.
- 4. Scan down the column until you meet or exceed the span of your application.
- 5. Select TJI® joist and depth.

Live load deflection is not the only factor that affects how a floor will perform. To more accurately predict floor performance, use our TJ-Pro™ Rating System.

### **General Notes**

- Tables are based on:
  - Uniform loads.
  - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
  - Clear distance between supports (1¾" minimum end bearing).
- Assumed composite action with a single layer of 24" on-center span-rated, glue-nailed floor panels for deflection only. Spans shall be reduced 6" when floor panels are nailed only.
- Spans generated from iLevel™ software may exceed the spans shown in these tables because software reflects actual design conditions.
- For loading conditions not shown, refer to software or to load tables on page 5.

### Floor—100% (PLF)

										Joist Cle	ar Span								
		8	<b>'</b>	1	O'	1:	2'	1	4'	1	6'	1	B'	2	0'	2:	2'	24	<b>‡</b> '
Depth	TJI®	Live Load L/480	Total Load																
91/2"	110	*	190	127	152	77	127	50	95										
372	210	*	210	147	169	90	141	59	114	40	81								
	110	*	190	*	152	*	127	83	109	57	92								
117/8"	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	97	121	67	106	48	87						
1178	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	136	139	95	121	69	108	51	97	39	78		
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	138	148	101	132	76	119	58	108	45	91
	110	*	190	*	152	*	127	*	109	83	95	59	85						
14"	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	*	121	96	106	69	94	51	84				
14	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	98	108	73	97	56	88	44	81
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132	107	119	83	108	65	99
	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	*	121	*	106	93	94	69	85	53	77		
16"	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	*	108	*	97	75	88	59	81
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132	*	119	*	108	86	99

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates TOTAL LOAD value controls.

### **How to Use This Table**

- 1. Calculate actual total and live load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- 2. Select appropriate Joist Clear Span.
- 3. Scan down the column to find a TJI® joist that meets or exceeds actual total and live loads.

### **General Notes**

- Table is based on:
  - Uniform loads.
  - No composite action provided by sheathing.
  - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
- Total Load limits joist deflection to L/240.
- Live Load is based on joist deflection of L/480.
- If a live load deflection limit of L/360 is desired, multiply value in Live Load column by 1.33. The resulting live load shall not exceed the **Total Load** shown.

### **PSF to PLF Conversions**

0.0		Load in Pounds Per Square Foot (PSF)								
O.C. Spacing	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	
Spacing		Load in Pounds Per Linear Foot (PLF)								
12"	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	
16"	27	34	40	47	54	60	67	74	80	
19.2"	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	
24"	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	



DO NOT allow workers to walk on joists until braced. INJURY MAY RESULT.



DO NOT stack building materials on unsheathed joists. Stack only over beams or walls.

### WARNING

Joists are unstable until braced laterally

**Bracing Includes:** 

- Blocking
- Hangers
- Rim Board
- Sheathing
- Rim Joist
- Strut Lines

Lack of proper bracing during construction can result in **WARNING NOTES:** serious accidents. Under normal conditions if the following guidelines are observed, accidents will be avoided.

- 1. All blocking, hangers, rim boards, and rim joists at the end supports of the TJI® joists must be completely installed and properly nailed.
- 2. Lateral strength, like a braced end wall or an existing deck, must be established at the ends of the bay. This can also be accomplished by a temporary or permanent deck (sheathing) fastened to the first 4 feet of joists at the end of the bay.
- 3. Safety bracing lines of 1x4 (minimum) must be nailed to a braced end wall or sheathed area (as in note 2) and to each joist. Without this bracing, buckling sideways or rollover is highly probable under light construction loads—like a worker or one layer of unnailed sheathing.
- 4. Sheathing must be totally attached to each TJI® joist before additional loads can be placed on the system.
- 5. Ends of cantilevers require safety bracing on both the top and bottom flanges.
- 6. The flanges must remain straight within a tolerance of ½" from true alignment.

### It's About Choice—

The TJ-Pro™ Rating System is a sophisticated computer model for predicting floor performance and evaluating the relationship between the cost and the "feel" of any given floor system. Its methodology is based on extensive laboratory research, more than one million installations, and the combined expertise of the best engineers in the field. TJ-Pro™ Rating goes beyond deflection criteria to consider job-specific needs and expectations. In many cases, TJ-Pro™ Rating will offer a system that improves performance while actually reducing costs!

### **TJ-Pro™ Rating System Advantages:**

- Works as part of iLevel™ TJ-Beam® and TJ-Xpert® software.
- Provides a new method for accurately predicting floor performance.
- Takes perceptions of the homeowner into account.
- Provides cost comparison.

### **Perceived Floor Performance**



How do most people perceive a floor assembly with a TJ-Pro™ Rating of 45 points? 84% find it good to excellent and 16% find it marginal to unacceptable.

TJ-Pro™ Rating Points

### Design Smarter—Don't Over-Specify

The traditional way to specify a floor system is to use live load deflection criteria, but deflection explains only part of how a floor performs. Depending on factors unique to the structure and its use, the code minimum of L/360 (or even the more restrictive limits of L/480) may disappoint many customers.

The TJ-Pro™ Rating System is a much better predictor of floor performance because it considers the many factors that affect floor performance, even taking into account the perceptions of the homeowner. With so many variables, you can deliver an economical solution tailored to your customer's expectations.

### **Factors That Affect Floor Performance:**

- TJI® joist series, depth, and spacing
- Deck thickness and quality
- Directly applied ceilings
- Location of partitions on floor
- Blocking
- Bearing conditions for the TJI® joists

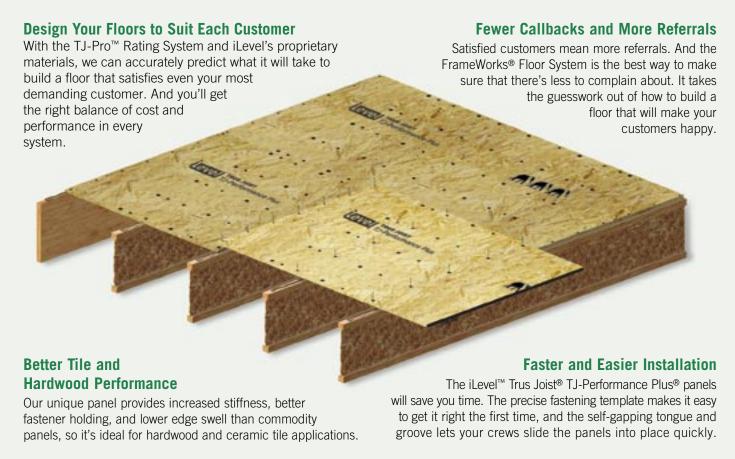
# ne structure and its use, the isappoint many customers.

### **Get the Support You Need—**

We're here to help you make the most of the TJ-Pro<sup>™</sup> Rating System, whether it's help with setup, tips and tricks, or selecting the best rating for your project. Call your iLevel representative today.

# The iLevel™ Trus Joist® FrameWorks® Floor System The Premium Floor System From iLevel

You'll Like the Way it Builds. Your Customers Will Love the Way it Feels.



## Now You Can Build a Strong and Stable Floor—Without Overbuilding.

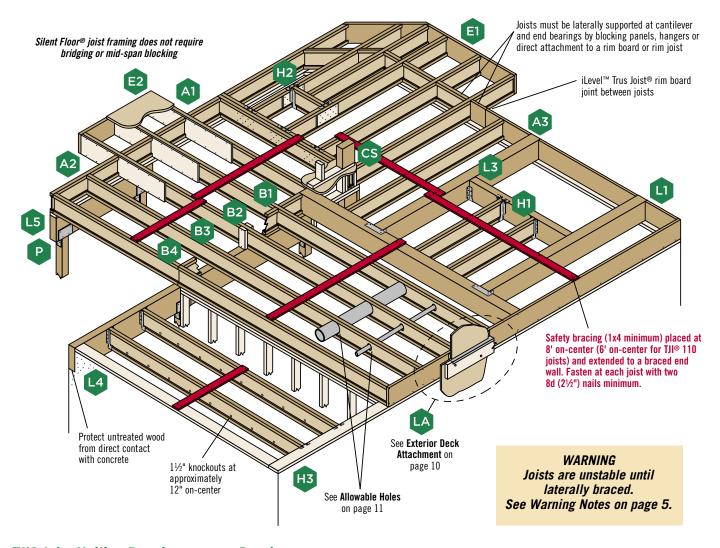


The performance of most commodity building products is unpredictable. But since we know the precise strength of every component in the FrameWorks® Floor System, we can comfortably build to your specifications while making sure that you don't use more material than you need.

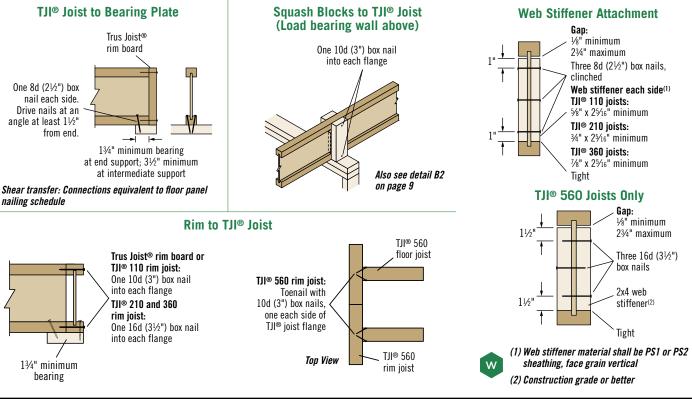
Silent Floor® joists have very specific performance characteristics. TJ-Performance Plus® panels are made with a proprietary formula, meet precise thickness tolerances, and have a top-quality edge seal—making them more stable and consistent than other structural panels. iLevel™ Trus Joist®

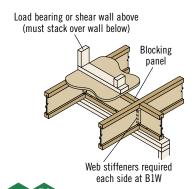
rim board, e-Rim® board, beams, and columns made of TimberStrand® LSL, Parallam® PSL, and Microllam® LVL, and our helpful installation guidelines give you more control, more strength, and more reliability than you could get with a package made up of typical framing materials.

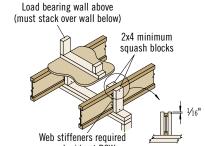
So next time you're building someone's dream home, don't rely on guesswork. Bring your plans to any iLevel location and we'll show you how to make the most of both your framing material and the labor it takes to turn it into a home.



### TJI® Joist Nailing Requirements at Bearing



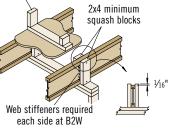






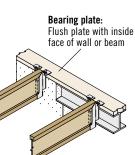


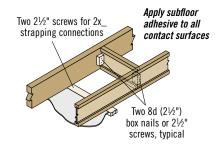
Blocking panels may be required with shear walls above or belowsee detail B1





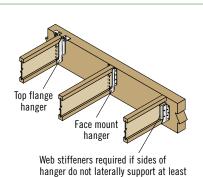
Blocking panels may be required with shear walls above or belowsee detail B1







Applications shown in this guide do not require blocking, strapping, or a directly applied ceiling. However, backspan bracing of cantilever applications is required when specified by software.



3/8" of TJI® joist top flange

nails from each side with TJI® 560 joists.



Backer block: Install tight to top flange (tight to bottom flange with Backer block face mount hangers). Attach (both sides) of with ten 10d (3") web with single box nails, clinched TJI® joist when possible. Filler block: Nail with ten 10d (3") box nails, clinched. Use ten 16d (3½") box

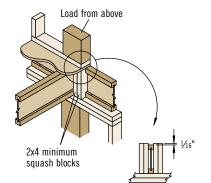


TJI®	11	10	210		31	60	56	60
Depth	9½" or 11½"	14"	9½" or 11½"	14" or 16"	9½" or 11%"	14" or 16"	111/8"	14" or 16"
Filler Block <sup>(1)</sup> (Detail H2)	2x6	2x8	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing	2x8 + 3/8" sheathing	2x6 + ½" sheathing	2x8 + ½" sheathing	Two 2x6	Two 2x8
Cantilever Filler (Detail E4)	2x6 4'-0" long	2x10 6'-0" long	sheathing sheathing sheathing s		2x10 + ½" sheathing 6'-0" long	Not applicable		
Backer Block <sup>(1)</sup> (Detail F1 or H2)	<sup>5</sup> /8" C	or ¾"	3⁄4" 0	ır 7⁄8"	1"	net	2x6	2x8

<sup>(1)</sup> If necessary, increase filler and backer block height for face mount hangers and maintain 1/8" gap at top of joist. See detail W. Filler and backer block dimensions should accommodate required nailing without splitting. The suggested minimum length is 24" for filler and 12" for backer blocks.



With top flange hangers, backer block required only for downward loads exceeding 250 lbs or for uplift conditions



### Use 2x4 minimum squash blocks to transfer load around TJI® joist

### Fastening of Floor Panels to TJI® Joist Flanges and Trus Joist® **Rim Board**

	Closest On-Center Spacing per Row						
Nail Size	TJ	[®	Trus Joist® Rim Board				
	110 and 210	360 and 560	1"	11/4"			
8d (2½") box	21/2"	2"	6"	4"			
8d (2½") common	31/2"	2"	6"	4"			
10d (3"), 12d (31/4") box	3"	2"	6"	4"			
10d (3"), 12d (3¼") common	41/2"	3"	6"	4"			
16d (3½") common	N.A.	4"	16"	6"(1)			

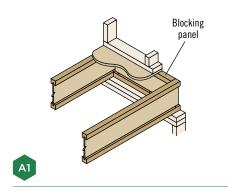
(1) Can be reduced to 4" on-center with maximum nail penetration of 1%" into the narrow edge.

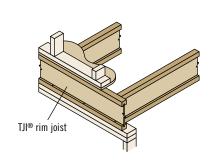
### **General Notes**

- Maximum spacing of nails is 18" on-center for TJI® 110 joists, and 24" on-center for TJI® 210, 360, and 560 ioists.
- If more than one row of nails is used, the rows must be offset at least ½" and staggered.
- 14 ga. staples may be substituted for 8d ( $2\frac{1}{2}$ ") nails if minimum penetration of 1" is achieved.
- Table also applies for the attachment of TJI® rim joists and blocking panels to the wall plate.

Also see nailing requirements on page 8

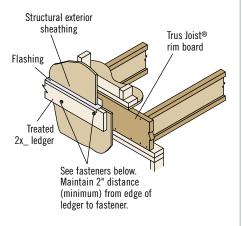
### RIM BOARD SELECTION AND INSTALLATION







### **Exterior Deck Attachment**



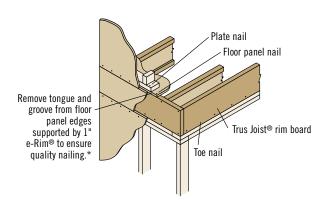


	Allowable Load (lbs)(1)				
Fastener	1½" Rim Board	1" e-Rim® Rim Board			
3/8" lag bolt	400	N.A.			
½" lag bolt	475	325			

- (1) Allowable load determined in accordance with AC 124.
- Corrosion-resistant fasteners required for wet-service applications.

Rim board is often the critical structural link in the ability of a home to resist lateral wind loads. It also transfers vertical load around the TJI® joists.

Rim board detail A3 (shown below) satisfies conventional construction requirements. But if your project requires a designed solution, see our iLevel Rim Board Selection and Installation Guide for Lateral Wind Loads (Reorder #2109). This easy-to-use design guide for specifiers and code officials goes beyond conventional construction guidelines—which were based on the smaller, simpler homes of the past—and provides design information that considers today's larger, more complex homes.

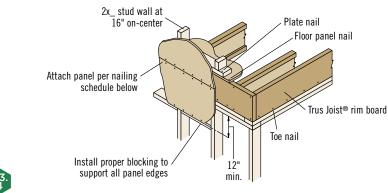








\*According to ICBO Evaluation Services, Inc., it is necessary to trim the panel edges when using 1½" or thinner rim board.





### **Rim Board Installation**

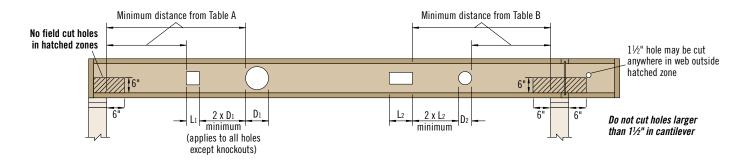
Specifications	A3 Conventional Construction, Code Minimum	A3.1, A3.2, A3.3, A3.4 Designed Solution
Rim Board Thickness	1" or 11/4"	See the
Plate Nail—16d (3½") box	16" o.c.	iLevel <i>Rim Board Selection and</i>
Floor Panel Nail—8d (2½") common	6" o.c.	Installation Guide for
Toe Nail—10d (3") box	6" o.c.	Lateral Wind Loads
Sill Plate Anchor Bolt	½" dia. at 6' o.c.	(Reorder #2109)

### **Vertical Load Transfer at Bearing**

Allowable Uniform Vertical Load	s (PLF)
TJI® rim joist or blocking	2,100
Trus Joist® rim board or blocking	4,250

Loads may not be increased for duration of load.

Also see nailing requirements on page 8



### Table A—End Support

Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest end support

Danah	TII®				● Ro	und Hole	Size						■ Sq	uare or	Rectangi	ılar Hole	Size		
Depth	TJI®	2"	3"	4"	5"	61/2"	7"	81/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"	5"	61/2"	7"	81/8"	11"	13"
91/2"	110	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"					1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"				
372	210	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"					1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"				
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	2'-6"	5'-0"			1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-6"	4'-6"	6'-0"		
117/8"	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"			1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"	5'-6"	6'-6"		
1178	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"			1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	6'-6"	6'-6"	7'-6"		
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	5'-0"	5'-6"	8'-0"			1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	7'-6"	8'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	4'-0"	6'-0"	8'-0"	
14"	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	6'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	4'-6"	6'-6"	8'-6"	
14	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"	8'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"	8'-0"	9'-6"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	6'-0"	9'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	6'-6"	7'-0"	9'-0"	10'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	6'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-6"	8'-0"	10'-6"
16"	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-0"	9'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	4'-0"	5'-0"	9'-0"	10'-0"	11'-6"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-6"	10'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"

### **Table B—Intermediate or Cantilever Support**

Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest intermediate or cantilever support

Depth	TJI®				Ro	und Hole	Size						■ Sq	uare or l	Rectangı	ılar Hole	Size		
Dehm	III	2"	3"	4"	5"	61/2"	7"	87/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"	5"	61/2"	7"	81/8"	11"	13"
91/2"	110	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-6"					1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"				
372	210	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	7'-6"					2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	6'-0"	7'-0"				
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	4'-0"	8'-0"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	6'-6"	7'-0"	9'-0"		
117/8"	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-0"	9'-0"			1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	7'-6"	8'-0"	10'-0"		
1178	360	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	7'-0"	7'-6"	11'-0"			2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	9'-6"	9'-6"	11'-0"		
	560	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-6"	8'-0"	8'-6"	12'-0"			3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"	8'-0"	10'-6"	11'-0"	12'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-6"	8'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	9'-0"	12'-0"	
14"	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-0"	9'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"	12'-6"	
14	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-0"	8'-6"	12'-6"		1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	12'-0"	14'-0"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"	9'-6"	13'-6"		1'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	13'-6"	15'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	5'-6"	9'-6"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	5'-6"	9'-6"	12'-6"	15'-6"
16"	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	10'-0"	13'-6"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	7'-6"	8'-6"	13'-0"	14'-6"	17'-0"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	7'-0"	11'-0"	15'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	5'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	14'-6"	16'-0"	18'-0"

Rectangular holes based on measurement of longest side.

### **How to Use These Tables**

- Using Table A—End Support, Table B—Intermediate or Cantilever Support, or both determine the hole shape/size and select the TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Scan horizontally until you intersect the correct hole size column.
- Measurement shown is minimum distance from edge of hole to support.
- 4. Place the hole so that the required minimum distance from the end **and** the intermediate or cantilever support is maintained.

### **General Notes**

- Holes may be located vertically anywhere within the web. Leave 1/8" of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole.
- Knockouts are located in web at approximately 12" on-center; they do not affect hole placement.
- For simple span (5' minimum) uniformly loaded joists meeting the requirements of this guide, one maximum size round hole may be located at the center of the joist span provided that no other holes occur in the joist.
- Distances are based on the maximum uniform loads shown in this guide. For other load conditions or hole configurations, use TJ-Beam® software or contact your iLevel representative.

DO NOT cut or notch flange.



DO NOT cut holes in cantilever reinforcement.



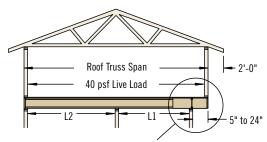
## Cantilevers Less Than 5" (Brick Ledge) (See Section A of cantilever table on page 13)

# Roof Truss Span 40 psf Live Load L2 Less than 5

TJI® joists may be cantilevered up to 5" when supporting roof load, assuming

- simple or continuous span
- L1 ≤ L2
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length

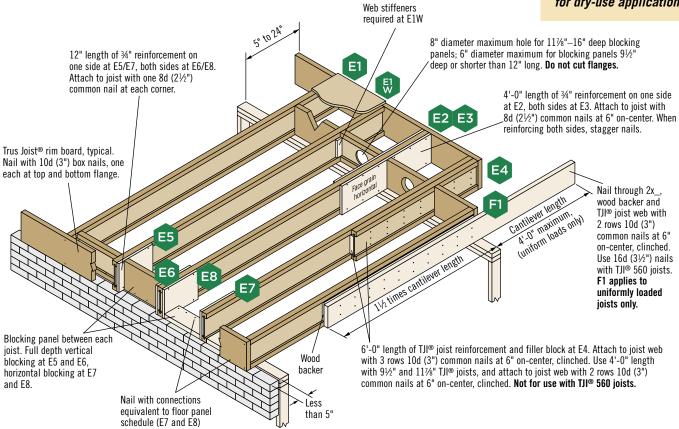
## Cantilevers 5" to 24" (See Section B of cantilever table on page 13)

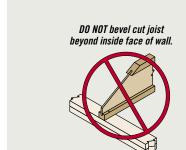


TJI® joists may be cantilevered 5" to 24" when supporting roof load, assuming:

- simple or continuous span
- L1 ≤ L2
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length

TJI® joists are intended for dry-use applications





### **These Conditions Are NOT Permitted**

DO NOT use sawn lumber for rim board or blocking.



Sawn lumber may shrink after installation.

DO NOT install hanger overhanging face of plate or beam.



Flush bearing plate with inside face of wall or beam.

### **Cantilever Reinforcement**

				Section	on A: Ca	antileve	ers less	than 5"	(Brick	Ledge)				Sect	ion B: C	Cantilev	ers 5" t	o 24"		
Donth	TJI®	Roof Truss				Roo	of Total L	oad							Roo	f Total L	oad			
Depth	יונו	Span		35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF			35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF	
		Opun				On-Cen	ter Joist	Spacing							On-Cent	er Joist	Spacing			
			16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"
		20'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5						Х			Х
		22'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						Χ		Х	Χ
91/2"		24'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						Х		Х	Х
117/8"	110	26'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			Χ		E2	Х	E2	Х	Х
14"		28'		E5	Χ	E5	E5	Χ	E5	E5	Χ		E2	Χ	E2	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х
		30'	E5	E5	Χ	E5	E5	Χ	E5	E5	Χ		E3	Χ	E3	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х
		32'	E5	Х	Χ	E5	Х	Χ	E5	Х	Χ	E2	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х
		20'			E5			E5		E5	E5									Х
		22'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5						E2			Χ
91/2"		24'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						E2			Χ
11½" 14"	210	26'		E5	E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						Х		E2	Х
16"		28'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E2		E2	Χ	E2	Х	Χ
		30'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E3	E2	E3	Х	E3	Х	Х
		32'	E5	E5	Х	E5	E5	Х	E5	E5	Χ		E2	Х	E3	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ
		28'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5									E2
		30'		E5	E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						E1W			E2
117/8"		32'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5						E2			E2
14"	360	34'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6						E2		E1W	E3
16"		36'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E1W			E2		E2	E3
		38'	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E1W			E2		E2	E3
		40'	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E1W		E1W	E2		E2	E3
		30'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5									
		32'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5									
117/8"	500	34'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5									E2
14" 16"	560	36'		E5	E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6									E2
10		38'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6									E2
		40'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6						E1W			E2

### **How to Use This Table**

- 1. Identify TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Locate the Roof Truss Span (horizontal) that meets or exceeds your condition.
- 3. Identify the cantilever condition (less than 5" or 5" to 24") and locate the **Roof Total Load** and **On-Center Joist Spacing** for your application.
- 4. Scan down to find the appropriate cantilever detail and refer to drawing on page 12:
  - Blank cells indicate that no reinforcement is required.
  - E4 may be used in place of E2 or E3 except when using TJI® 560 joists.
  - X indicates that cantilever will not work. Use TJ-Beam® or TJ-Xpert® software, or reduce spacing of joists and recheck table.

### **General Notes**

- Table is based on:
  - $-\ 15$  psf roof dead load on a horizontal projection.
  - 80 plf exterior wall load with 3'-0" maximum width window or door openings.
     For larger openings, or multiple 3'-0" width openings spaced less than 6'-0" on-center, additional joists beneath the opening's trimmers may be required.
  - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
  - Roof truss with 24" soffits.
- ¾" reinforcement refers to ¾" Exposure 1 plywood or other ¾" Exposure 1, 48/24-rated sheathing that is cut to match the full depth of the TJI® joist. Install with face grain horizontal. Reinforcing member must bear fully on the wall plate.
- Designed for 2x4 and 2x6 plate widths.
- For conditions beyond the scope of this table, including cantilevers longer than 24", use our TJ-Beam® or TJ-Xpert® software.

iLevel Trus Joist® TJI® Joist Specifier's Guide TJ-4001 April 2006

Fire-safe construction and life safety are major concerns for everyone in the building materials and construction industry. The 2003 statistics on residential fire in the U.S. alone include 3,145 fire fatalities and \$6.1 billion in property damage. These numbers underscore the seriousness of the issue and the need for fire-safe construction.

Over the past 30 years, prefabricated wood I-joists have established a record of safe and reliable performance in millions of structures. Many of these structures, such as one- or two-family residential dwellings, do not require specific fire-endurance ratings per the building codes. The following information is intended to help you specify and install iLevel™ products with fire safety in mind.

### **Active Fire Suppression**

iLevel supports the position that homeowners, firefighters, insurers, and the community at large benefit from the use of properly installed fire sprinkler systems. Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems have an excellent record of performance and offer the best available protection to occupants and their property. Today's modern systems are inconspicuous and efficient, and can be installed for less cost than the typical homeowner will spend to carpet their floors. This type of fire suppression system will:

- provide early and unsupervised fire suppression
- reduce smoke development
- enhance life safety
- reduce potential for significant property damage

### **Smoke Detectors**

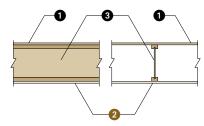
Smoke detectors are universally recognized as the most cost-effective life-saving devices. While smoke detectors do not provide protection to the structure or to the contents in a home, they do alert occupants to potential fire hazards and allow them time to escape.

### **Passive Fire Protection**

Independent tests have proven that unprotected, lightweight framing systems—whether combustible or non-combustible—suffer serious and rapid structural degradation when exposed to heat and fire. All floor framing materials—sawn lumber, wood I-joists, trusses, and light gauge steel—succumb quickly to fire if not protected. In fire scenarios, a protective membrane such as gypsum ceiling board will provide additional protection to the structural framing members. Passive fire-suppression methods will:

- delay fire growth
- reduce potential for significant property damage
- enhance the market value of the home

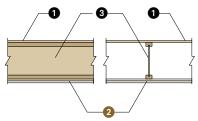
### **Suggested Minimum Membrane Construction**



iLevel supports the idea that all floor/ceiling and roof/ceiling assemblies in habitable areas be protected by a minimum membrane protection consisting of ½" gypsum board (or equivalent)

- 1 48/24 tongue-and-groove, span-rated floor panels (Exposure 1)
- 2 Single layer of ½" thick gypsum board
- 3 TJI® joists

### **One-Hour Rated Assembly**



- 1 48/24 tongue-and-groove, span-rated floor panels (Exposure 1)
- 2 Two layers of ½" thick Type X gypsum board
- 3 TJI® joists

For more information on fire assemblies and fire-safe construction, please refer to the iLevel Fire Facts Guide (Reorder #5003) or visit www.iLevel.com and www.i-joist.com

### Note:

- Resilient channels (not shown) may be installed between the joists and gypsum board if improved STC and IIC sound ratings are desired.
- Resilient channels are required when optional 3½" thick glass fiber batt insulation is being installed.

Reference: ICC ES ESR-1153

### UNDERSTANDING AND PREVENTING FLOOR NOISE

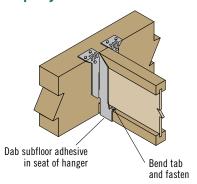


Silent Floor® joists are structurally uniform and dimensionally stable, and they resist shrinking and twisting. This helps prevent gaps from forming around the nails between the joist and the floor panels—gaps that can potentially cause squeaks or other floor noise.

Using Silent Floor® joists can help you build a quieter floor, but only if the entire floor system is installed properly. This is because other components of the floor system, such as hangers, connectors, and nails can be a source of floor noise.

To get the best possible performance out of your Silent Floor® joists and minimize potential squeaks in your floor, we recommend the following installation tips:

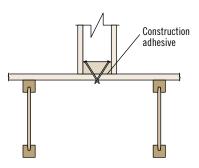
### **Properly Seat Each Joist in Hanger**



Seat the joist tight to the bottom of the hanger. When using hangers with tabs, bend the flange tabs over and nail to the TJI® joist bottom flange.

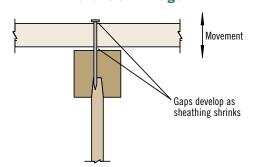
Placing a dab of subfloor adhesive in the seat of the hanger prior to installing the joist can reduce squeaks.

### **Use Adhesive and Special Nailing When Needed**



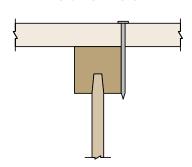
Nail interior partitions to the joists when possible. If the wall can only be nailed to the floor panel, run a bead of adhesive under the wall and either cross nail, nail through and clinch tight, or screw into the wall from below.

### **Prevent Shrinkage**



Keep building materials dry, and properly glue floor panels to the joists. Panels that become excessively wet during construction shrink as they dry. This shrinkage may leave gaps that allow the panel to move when stepped on.

### Avoid "Shiners"



Exercise care when nailing. Nails that barely hit the joists (shiners) do not hold the panel tight to the joist and should be removed. If left in, the nails will rub against the side of the joist when the panel deflects.

For more information and tips on how to prevent floor noise, refer to the Field Guide for Prevention and Repair of Squeaks (Reorder #2065) or contact your iLevel representative.

### Maximum Horizontal Clear Spans—Roof

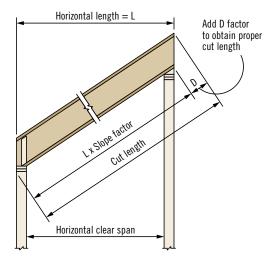
							Design Live	Load (LL) an	d Dead Loa	d (DL) in PS	F			
0.C.	Danah	TJI®		Non-Sno	w (125%)					Snow Load	Area (115%)			
Spacing	Depth	יונו	20LL -	+ 15DL	20LL -	+ 20DL	25LL -	- 15DL	30LL -	+ 15DL	40LL -	+ 15DL	50LL -	- 15DL
			Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
	91/2"	110	19'-3"	17'-2"	18'-4"	16'-3"	18'-5"	16'-6"	17'-9"	15'-11"	16'-7"	15'- 0"	15'-6"	14'-3"
	9/2"	210	20'-5"	18'-2"	19'-5"	17'-3"	19'-6"	17'-6"	18'-9"	16'-11"	17'-7"	15'-11"	16'-7"	15'-1"
		110	23'-0"	20'-6"	21'-11"	19'-5"	22'-0"	19'-9"	20'-11"	19'-1"	19'- 0"	17'-11"	17'-6"	16'-11"
	117/11	210	24'-4"	21'-9"	23'-3"	20'-7"	23'-4"	20'-11"	22'-5"	20'-2"	20'-10"	19'- 0"	19'-2"	18'-0"
	111//8"	360	27'-9"	24'-9"	26'-5"	23'-5"	26'-7"	23'-10"	25'-6"	23'- 0"	23'-11"	21'-7"	22'-7"	20'-6"
		560	31'-11"	28'-6"	30'-5"	27'- 0"	30'-7"	27'-5"	29'-5"	26'-5"	27'-6"	24'-10"	26'- 0"	23'-7"
16"		110	26'-3"	23'-5"	25'- 0"	22'-2"	24'-1"	22'-6"	22'-9"	21'-9"	20'-8"	19'-11"	19'-1"	18'-5"
	4411	210	27'-9"	24'-9"	26'-5"	23'-5"	26'-5"	23'-9"	25'- 0"	22'-11"	22'-8"	21'-7"	20'-11"	20'-3"
	14"	360	31'-6"	28'-2"	30'-0"	26'-8"	30'-2"	27'-1"	29'-0"	26'-1"	27'-2"	24'-7"	25'-8"	23'-4"
		560	36'-3"	32'-4"	34'-6"	30'-7"	34'-8"	31'-1"	33'-4"	30'-0"	31'-2"	28'-3"	29'-6"	26'-9"
		210	30'-9"	27'-5"	29'-4"	26'- 0"	28'-3"	26'-5"	26'-9"	25'-6"	24'-3"	23'-4"	22'-4"	21'-8"
	16"	360	34'-11"	31'-2"	33'-3"	29'-6"	33'-5"	30'- 0"	32'-2"	28'-11"	30'-1"	27'-2"	26'- 0"	25'-10"
		560	40'-1"	35'-9"	38'-2"	33'-11"	38'-4"	34'-5"	36'-11"	33'-2"	34'-6"	31'-3"	31'-8"	29'-8"
	01/11	110	18'-1"	16'-1"	17'-3"	15'-3"	17'-4"	15'-6"	16'-8"	15'- 0"	15'-5"	14'-1"	14'-2"	13'-4"
	91/2"	210	19'-2"	17'-1"	18'-3"	16'-2"	18'-4"	16'-5"	17'-8"	15'-10"	16'-6"	14'-11"	15'-7"	14'-2"
		110	21'-7"	19'-3"	20'-7"	18'-3"	20'-3"	18'-6"	19'-1"	17'-11"	17'-4"	16'-8"	16'- 0"	15'-5"
		210	22'-11"	20'-5"	21'-10"	19'-4"	21'-11"	19'-8"	20'-11"	18'-11"	19'-0"	17'-10"	17'-6"	16'-11"
	111/8"	360	26'-1"	23'-3"	24'-10"	22'-0"	24'-11"	22'-4"	24'- 0"	21'-7"	22'-5"	20'-3"	21'-2"	19'-3"
		560	30'- 0"	26'-9"	28'-7"	25'-4"	28'-8"	25'-9"	27'-7"	24'-10"	25'-9"	23'-4"	24'-4"	22'-2"
19.2"		110	24'-6"	22'- 0"	22'-9"	20'-10"	22'-0"	20'-11"	20'-9"	19'-10"	18'-10"	18'-2"	17'- 0"	16'-10"
	4	210	26'-0"	23'-3"	24'-10"	22'-0"	24'-2"	22'-4"	22'-10"	21'-7"	20'-8"	19'-11"	18'-10"	18'-5"
	14"	360	29'-7"	26'-5"	28'-2"	25'-0"	28'-4"	25'-5"	27'-3"	24'-6"	25'-6"	23'-1"	21'-7"	21'-8"
		560	34'-0"	30'-4"	32'-5"	28'-9"	32'-7"	29'-2"	31'-4"	28'-2"	29'-3"	26'-6"	26'-5"	25'-2"
		210	28'-8"	25'-9"	26'-9"	24'-5"	25'-10"	24'-6"	24'-5"	23'-4"	22'-1"	21'-4"	18'-10"	19'-8"
	16"	360	32'-10"	29'-3"	31'-3"	27'-9"	31'-5"	28'-2"	30'-2"	27'-2"	25'-7"	25'-3"	21'-7"	21'-8"
		560	37'-8"	33'-7"	35'-10"	31'-10"	36'-0"	32'-4"	34'-8"	31'-2"	31'-3"	29'-4"	26'-5"	25'-5"
	01/11	110	16'-9"	14'-11"	15'-11"	14'-2"	16'-0"	14'-4"	15'-2"	13'-10"	13'-9"	13'-0"	12'-8"	12'-3"
	91/2"	210	17'-9"	15'-10"	16'-11"	15'- 0"	17'- 0"	15'-3"	16'-4"	14'-8"	15'-1"	13'-10"	13'-11"	13'-1"
		110	20'-0"	17'-10"	18'-9"	16'-11"	18'-1"	17'-2"	17'-1"	16'-4"	15'-6"	14'-11"	13'-7"	13'-10"
	44745	210	21'-2"	18'-11"	20'-2"	17'-11"	19'-10"	18'-2"	18'-9"	17'-7"	17'- 0"	16'-4"	15'-0"	15'-2"
	111/8"	360	24'-1"	21'-6"	23'- 0"	20'-5"	23'-1"	20'-8"	22'-2"	20'- 0"	20'-5"	18'-9"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	27'-9"	24'-9"	26'-5"	23'-6"	26'-7"	23'-10"	25'-6"	23'- 0"	23'-10"	21'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"
24"		110	21'-10"	20'-4"	20'-4"	19'-1"	19'-8"	18'-8"	18'-7"	17'-9"	16'-0"	16'-3"	13'-7"	14'-2"
	4	210	24'- 0"	21'-6"	22'-4"	20'-5"	21'-7"	20'-6"	20'-4"	19'-6"	17'-10"	17'-9"	15'-0"	15'-8"
	14"	360	27'-5"	24'-6"	26'-1"	23'-2"	26'-3"	23'-6"	25'-0"	22'-8"	20'-5"	20'-2"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	31'-6"	28'-1"	30'- 0"	26'-8"	30'-2"	27'-0"	29'- 0"	26'-1"	24'-11"	23'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"
		210	25'-8"	23'-11"	23'-11"	22'-4"	23'-1"	21'-11"	21'-9"	20'-10"	17'-10"	18'-3"	15'-0"	15'-8"
	16"	360	30'-4"	27'-1"	28'-11"	25'-8"	28'-2"	26'-1"	25'-0"	24'-1"	20'-5"	20'-2"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	34'-10"	31'-2"	33'-2"	29'-6"	33'-4"	29'-11"	30'-6"	28'-3"	24'-11"	23'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"

### How to Use Roof Span Table on page 16

- 1. Determine appropriate live and dead load, and the load duration factor.
- If your slope is 6/12 or less use the Low slope column. If it is between 6/12 and 12/12 use the High column.
- Scan down the column until you find a span that meets or exceeds the span of your application.
- 4. Select TJI® joist and on-center spacing.

### **General Notes**

- Table is based on:
  - Uniform loads.
  - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
  - Minimum roof surface slope of 1/4" in 12".
  - -134" minimum end bearing and  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum intermediate bearing.
- Total load limits joist deflection to L/180.
- Live load is based on joist deflection of L/240.
- A support beam or wall at the high end is required (ridge board applications do not provide adequate support).
- Spans shown assume no web stiffeners at intermediate bearings.



Actual cut length can be approximated by multiplying the horizontal length by the slope factor and adding the D factor.

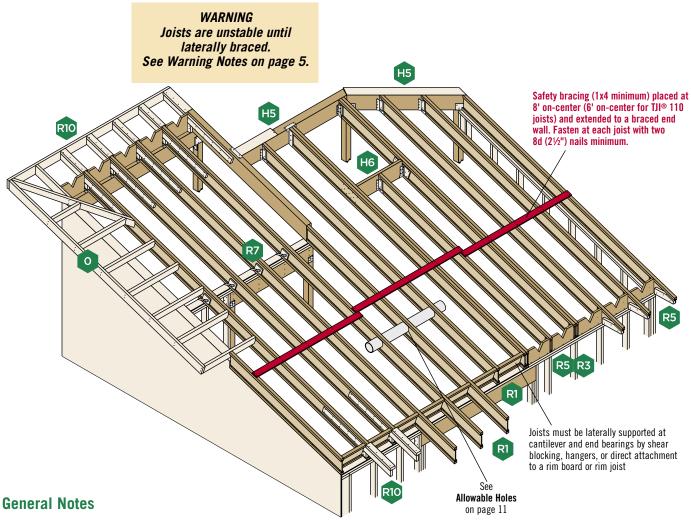
### **D** Factors

Donth							Slope						
Depth	21/2 in 12	3 in 12	31/2 in 12	4 in 12	41/2 in 12	5 in 12	6 in 12	7 in 12	8 in 12	9 in 12	10 in 12	11 in 12	12 in 12
91/2"	2"	23/8"	27/8"	31/4"	35%"	4"	43/4"	55%"	63/8"	71/8"	8"	8¾"	91/2"
111//8"	21/2"	3"	31/2"	4"	41/2"	5"	6"	7"	8"	9"	10"	11"	111//8"
14"	3"	31/2"	41/8"	43/4"	51/4"	51/8"	7"	81/4"	93/8"	10½"	113/4"	121/8"	14"
16"	33/8"	4"	43/4"	53/8"	6"	63/4"	8"	93/8"	10¾"	12"	133/8"	14¾"	16"

### **Slope Factors**

Slope	21/2 in 12	3 in 12	31/2 in 12	4 in 12	41/2 in 12	5 in 12	6 in 12	7 in 12	8 in 12	9 in 12	10 in 12	11 in 12	12 in 12
Factor	1 021	1 031	1 042	1 054	1.068	1 083	1 118	1 158	1 202	1 250	1 302	1 357	1 414





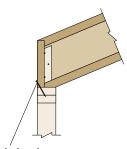
- Unless otherwise noted, all details are valid to a maximum slope of 12/12.
- Web stiffeners are required if the sides of the hanger do not laterally support at least ¾" of the TJI® joist top flange.

### TJI® Joist Nailing Requirements at Bearing

# TJI® Joist to Bearing Plate End Bearing (13/4" minimum bearing required) 8d (2½") box nail, one each side, 1½" minimum from end Slopes 3/12 or less: One 8d (2½") box nail each side. See detail R7.

When slope exceeds ¼" per foot, a beveled bearing plate, variable slope seat connector, or birdsmouth cut (at low end of joist only) is required

### **Blocking to Bearing Plate**



Trus Joist® rim board:

Toenail with 10d (3") box nails at 6" on-center or 16d (3½") box nails at 12" on-center

TJI® joist blocking:

10d (3") box nails at 6" on-center

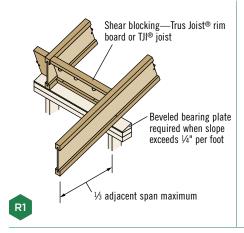
Shear transfer nailing:

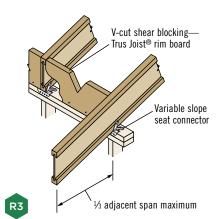
Use connections equivalent to sheathing nail schedule

Two 8d (2½") box nails each side, plus a twist strap and

Slopes greater than 3/12:

backer block. See detail R7S.

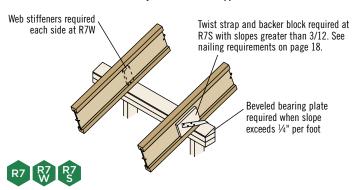




# Beveled web stiffeners required on both sides 2x4 block for soffit support

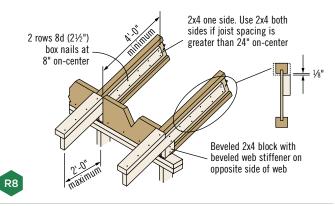
### **Intermediate Bearing**

Blocking panels or shear blocking are optional for joist stability at intermediate supports



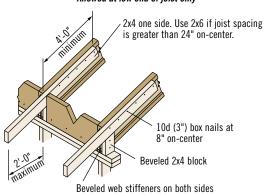
### **Birdsmouth Cut**

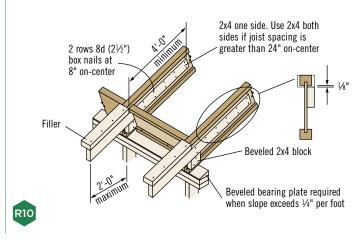
Allowed at low end of joist only



### **Birdsmouth Cut**

Allowed at low end of joist only





### These Conditions Are **NOT** Permitted

DO NOT cut holes too close to support.



Refer to Allowable Holes on page 11 for minimum distance from support.

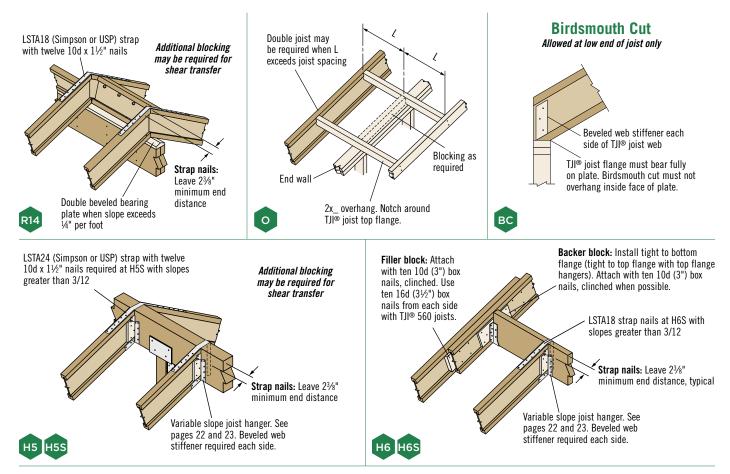
DO NOT bevel cut joist beyond inside face of wall.



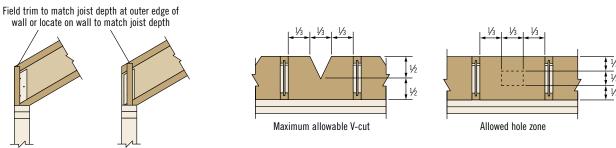
DO NOT overhang birdsmouth cut from inside face of plate.



TJI® joist flange must bear fully on the plate. See detail BC on page 20.



### **Shear Blocking and Ventilation Holes (Roof Only)**





For TJI® joists with slopes of 10/12 to 12/12, the vertical depth at bearing will require Trus Joist® rim board (for shear blocking) that is one size deeper than the TJI® joist

### Filler and Backer Block Sizes

TJI®	11	10	2	10	30	60	50	60
Depth	9½" or 11½"	14"	9½" or 11½"	14" or 16"	9½" or 11½"	14" or 16"	117/8"	14" or 16"
Filler Block (Detail H6)	2x6	2x8	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing	2x8 + 3/8" sheathing	2x6 + ½" sheathing	2x8 + ½" sheathing	Two 2x6	Two 2x8
Backer Block (Detail H6)	5/8" (	or ¾"	3⁄4" 0	ır 7⁄8"	1"	net	2x6	2x8

If necessary, increase filler and backer block height for face mount hangers and maintain 1/4" gap at top of joist. See detail W. Filler and backer block dimensions should accommodate required nailing without splitting. The suggested minimum length is 24" for filler and 12" for backer blocks.

See General Notes and nailing requirements on page 18

### Roof—115% and 125% Load Duration (PLF)

									Roof Jo	ist Horiz	ontal Cle	ar Span							
			6'			8'			10'			12'			14'			16'	
Depth	TJI®	Total	Load	Defl.															
рериі	iji-	Snow 115%	Non- Snow 125%	Live Load L/240															
91/2"	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	155	109	118	101	83	91	69
372	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	131	142	118	100	108	81
	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	125	136	*	106	115	*
117/8"	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	139	151	*	122	132	*
11/0	360	368	400	*	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*
	560	449	488	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*
	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	125	136	*	110	119	*
14"	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	139	151	*	122	132	*
17	360	368	400	*	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*
	560	449	488	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*
	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	139	151	*	122	132	*
16"	360	368	400	*	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*
	560	449	488	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*

									Roof Jo	ist Horiz	ontal Cle	ar Span							
			18'			20'			22'			24'			26'			28'	
Depth	   TJI®	Total	Load	Defl.															
pehtii	l)lo	Snow 115%	Non- Snow 125%	Live Load L/240															
91/2"	110																		
372	210	77	77	58															
	110	84	91	82															
117/8"	210	101	109	96	82	89	71												
1178	360	124	135	*	112	122	103	102	105	78	82	82	61						
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	117	114	122	91	97	97	73	79	79	59
	110	98	106	*	80	87	*												
14"	210	108	118	*	97	105	103	80	87	79									
14	360	124	135	*	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	88	86	94	70	76	76	57
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	104	98	106	85
	210	108	118	*	97	106	*	89	96	*	77	83	*						
16"	360	124	135	*	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	*	86	94	*	80	87	76
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	*	98	106	*

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Indicates **TOTAL LOAD** value controls.

### **Slope Factors**

Slope	2½ in 12	3 in 12	31/2 in 12	4 in 12	41/2 in 12	5 in 12	6 in 12	7 in 12	8 in 12	9 in 12	10 in 12	11 in 12	12 in 12
Factor	1.021	1.031	1.042	1.054	1.068	1.083	1.118	1.158	1.202	1.250	1.302	1.357	1.414

### **How to Use These Tables**

- 1. Calculate actual total load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- Select appropriate Roof Joist Horizontal Clear Span. For slopes greater than 2" per foot, approximate the increased dead load by multiplying the joist horizontal clear span by the Slope Factor above.
- Scan down the column to find a TJI® joist that meets or exceeds actual total load.
   Total Load values are limited to deflection of L/180. For stiffer deflection criteria, use the Live Load L/240 values.

### **General Notes**

- Tables are based on:
  - Uniform loads.
  - $-\,$  No composite action provided by sheathing.
  - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
  - Minimum roof surface slope of 1/4" in 12".
- Total Load limits joist deflection to L/180.

### FRAMING CONNECTORS (SIMPSON STRONG-TIE™)

		Sin	gle Joist—	Top Flang	е	Single	Joist—Fa	ce Mount(	1)	Face Moun	t Skewed 4	5° Joist Ha	nger <sup>(1)</sup>
Jo	ist										LEFT 45°	RIGHT 45°	
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N:	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing
Dehtii	IJI	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist
91/2"	110	ITT9.5	935	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS1.81/9.5	935	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/9	1,125	16d	10d x 1½"
372	210	ITT2.1/9.5	1,030	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.06/9.5	935	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/9	1,230	16d	10d x 1½"
	110	ITT11.88	950	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS1.81/11.88	950	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/11	1,215	16d	10d x 1½"
117/8"	210	ITT2.1/11.88	1,045	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.06/11.88	1,045	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/11	1,305	16d	10d x 1½"
1178	360	ITT3511.88	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.37/11.88	1,140	10d	N.A.	SURI/LI3510/12	1,355	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	ITT411.88	1,300	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS3.56/11.88	1,330	10d	N.A.	SUR/L410	1,495	16d	10d x 1½"
	110	ITT14	950	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS1.81/14	950	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/11	1,215	16d	10d x 1½"
14"	210	ITT2.1/14	1,045	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.06/14	1,045	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/11	1,305	16d	10d x 1½"
14	360	ITT3514	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.37/14	1,140	10d	N.A.	SURI/LI3514/20	1,355	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	ITT414	1,300	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS3.56/14	1,330	10d	N.A.	SUR/L414	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"
	210	ITT2.1/16	1,045	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.06/16	1,045	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/11	1,045	16d	10d x 1½"
16"	360	MIT3516	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS2.37/16	1,140	10d	N.A.	SURI/LI3514/20	1,355	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	MIT416	1,460	10d	10d x 1½"	IUS3.56/16	1,330	10d	N.A.	SUR/L414	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"

		Y								
		Dou	ıble Joist—	-Top Flang	ge	Double Joist—Face Mount(1)				
Joist										
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	
Deptil	131-	Hallger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	
91/2"	110	MIT49.5	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU49	1,860	16d	10d x 1½"	
372	210	MIT4.28/9.5	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/9	1,860	16d	10d x 1½"	
	110	MIT411.88	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU411	2,130	16d	10d x 1½"	
117/8"	210	MIT4.28/11.88	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/11	2,130	16d	10d x 1½"	
1178	360	MIT3511.88-2	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/11	2,130	16d	10d x 1½"	
	560	WPI411.88-2	2,925	16d	10d x 1½"	HU412-2	2,145	16d	10d x 1½"	
	110	MIT414	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU414	2,170	16d	10d x 1½"	
14"	210	MIT4.28/14	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/14	2,350	16d	10d x 1½"	
14	360	MIT3514-2	2,000	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/14	2,395	16d	10d x 1½"	
	560	WPI414-2	2,925	16d	10d x 1½"	HU414-2	2,680	16d	10d x 1½"	
	210	LBV4.28/16	2,035	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/16	2,350	16d	10d x 1½"	
16"	360	LBV3516-2	2,035	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/16	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"	
	560	WPI416-2	2,925	16d	10d x 1½"	HU414-2	2,680	16d	10d x 1½"	

	Var	iable Slope	Seat Con	nector <sup>(2)</sup>				
Joist	Variable stope seat connector							
TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	Nailing					
IJI	Hallgei	(lbs)	Header	Joist				
110	VPA25	1,050	10d	10d x 1½"				
210	VPA2.1	1,230	10d	10d x 1½"				
360	VPA35 1,230 10d 10d x 1½"							
560	VPA4 1,230 10d 10d x 1½"							

Hanger information on these two pages was provided by either Simpson Strong-Tie™ or USP Structural Connectors™. For additional information, please refer to their literature.

				. (4)(0)					
	Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger <sup>(1)(3)</sup>								
Joist									
		Capaci	ty (lbs)	Nailing					
TJI®	Hanger	Sloped Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist				
110	LSSUI25	1,110	995	10d	10d x 1½"				
210	LSSU2.1	1,110	995	10d	10d x 1½"				
360	LSSU135	1,110	995	10d	10d x 1½"				
560	LSSU410	1,725	1,625	16d	10d x 1½"				

### **General Notes**

Bold italic hangers require web stiffeners.

Capacities will vary with different nailing criteria or other support conditions; contact your iLevel representative for assistance.

- Hanger capacities shown are either joist bearing capacity or hanger capacity—whichever is less. Joist end reaction must be checked to ensure it does not exceed the capacity shown in the tables.
- All capacities are for downward loads at 100% duration of load.
- Fill all round, dimple, and positive angle nail holes.
- Use sloped seat hangers and beveled web stiffeners when TJI® joist slope exceeds 1/4" per foot.
- Leave ½6" clearance (½" maximum) between the end of the supported joist and the header or hanger.

See additional notes on page 23

### FRAMING CONNECTORS (USP STRUCTURAL CONNECTORS™)

		Sir	ngle Joist—	Top Flang	е	Single	Joist—Fa	ce Mount(	1)	Face Mount	Skewed 45	° Joist Har	ger <sup>(1)(4)</sup>
Joist													
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing
Dehtii	131-	lialigei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
91/2"	110	TH017950	935	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17925	895	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH1720L/R	910	10d	10d x 1½"
372	210	TH020950	1,030	10d	10d x 1½"	THF20925	895	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2020L/R	1,005	10d	10d x 1½"
	110	TH017118	950	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17112	895	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH1720L/R	920	10d	10d x 1½"
117/8"	210	TH020118	1,030	10d	10d x 1½"	THF20112	895	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2020L/R	1,015	10d	10d x 1½"
	360	TH023118	1,230	10d	10d x 1½"	THF23118	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2320L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035118	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17112-2	1,460	10d	10d	SKH410L/R1	1,460	16d	16d
	110	TH017140	1,215	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17140	950	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH1720L/R	920	10d	10d x 1½"
14"	210	TH020140	1,080	10d	10d x 1½"	THF20140	1,045	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2020L/R	1,015	10d	10d x 1½"
14	360	TH023140	1,230	10d	10d x 1½"	THF23140	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2324L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035140	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17140-2	1,460	10d	10d	SKH414L/R1	1,460	16d	16d
	210	TH020160	1,080	10d	10d x 1½"	THF20157	1,045	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2024L/R	1,015	10d	10d x 1½"
16"	360	TH023160	1,230	10d	10d x 1½"	THF23160	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2324L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035160	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17157-2	1,460	10d	10d	SKH414L/R1	1,460	16d	16d

		Dou	ıble Joist—	-Top Flang		Double	Joist—Fa	ce Mount	1)	
Joist			\(\text{\text{i.i.}}\)			Double Salar Face mount				
Donth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	
Depth	ارا	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	Hanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	
91/2"	110	TH035950	2,010	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17925-2	1,350	10d	10d	
372	210	TH020950-2	2,330	16d	10d	THF20925-2	1,350	10d	10d	
	110	TH035118	2,050	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17112-2	1,575	10d	10d	
117/8"	210	TH020118-2	2,610	16d	10d	THF20112-2	1,575	10d	10d	
1178	360	TH023118-2	2,765	16d	10d	THF23118-2	1,800	10d	10d	
	560	BPH71118	3,185	16d	10d	HD7120	2,175	16d	10d	
	110	TH035140	2,100	10d	10d x 1½"	THF17140-2	2,170	10d	10d	
14"	210	TH020140-2	2,330	16d	10d	THF20140-2	2,250	10d	10d	
14	360	TH023140-2	2,765	16d	10d	THF23140-2	2,370	10d	10d	
	560	BPH7114	3,185	16d	10d	HD7140	2,720	16d	10d	
	210	TH020160-2	2,330	16d	10d	-	_		_	
16"	360	TH023160-2	2,765	16d	10d	THF23160-2	2,520	10d	10d	
	560	BPH7116	3,185	16d	10d	HD7160	2,925	16d	10d	

	Variable Slope Seat Connector <sup>(5)</sup>							
Joist								
TII®	Hanger	Capacity	Nailing					
IJI	Hallgel	(lbs)	Header	Joist				
110	TMP175	1,150	10d	10d x 1½"				
110	TMPH175	1,945	10d	10d x 1½"				
210	_	_	_	-				
360	TMP23	1,785	10d	10d x 1½"				
360	TMPH23	1,945	10d	10d x 1½"				
560	TMP4	1,970	10d	10d x 1½"				
300	TMPH4	1,945	10d	10d x 1½"				

### **Support Requirements**

- Support material assumed to be iLevel<sup>™</sup> engineered lumber or sawn lumber (Douglas fir or southern pine species).
- Minimum support width for single- and double-joist top mount hangers is 3'' ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ " for ITT hangers).
- Minimum support width for face mount hangers with 10d and 16d nails is 1¾" and 2", respectively.

### Footnotes:

- $1. \ \ \, \text{Face mount hanger capacities may be increased up to } 15\% \ \text{for snow roofs or } 25\% \ \text{for non-snow roofs}. \ \text{Maximum increase for LSSU, LSSUI, and LSSH hangers is } 15\%.$
- 2. VPA connectors are allowed on slopes of 3/12 through 12/12 only.
- LSSU, LSSUI and LSSH hangers can be field adjusted for slopes and skews of up to 45 degrees. Additional lateral restraints are required for 16" deep TJI® joists.
- 4. Miter cut is required at end of joist.
- 5. TMP connectors are allowed on slopes of 1/12 through 6/12 only, and TMPH connectors are allowed on slopes of 6/12 through 12/12 only.

	Va	ariable Slo	ope Seat Jois	t Hanger <sup>(1</sup>	)(3)				
Joist									
		Capa	city (lbs)	Nailing					
TJI®	Hanger	Sloped Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist				
110	LSSH179	1,120	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"				
210	LSSH20	1,120	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"				
360	LSSH23	1,120	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"				
560	LSSH35	1,595	1,595	16d	10d x 1½"				

See General Notes on page 22

ROOF SOLUTIONS FLOOR SOLUTIONS



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**Floors and Roofs:** Start with the best framing components in the industry: our Silent Floor® joists; Trus Joist® rim board; and TimberStrand® LSL, Microllam® LVL, and Parallam® PSL headers and beams. Pull them all together with our durable Structurwood® roof sheathing and self-gapping Structurwood Edge® or Structurwood Edge Gold® floor panels. For homeowners who are building their custom dream home, you can upgrade to our premium FrameWorks® Floor System.

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### **OUR GUARANTEE**





This guide supersedes all previous versions. If this guide is more than one year old, contact your dealer or iLevel rep. NW

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